

FT	Key	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Region	478..480
FT	Region	/note="Region indicated in specification"
FT	Region	568..570
FT	Region	/note="Region indicated in specification"
FT	Region	589..591
FT	Region	/note="Region indicated in specification"
FT	Binding-site	636..646
FT	Binding-site	/note="Hyaluronic acid binding domain"
FT	Binding-site	658..667
FT	Binding-site	/note="Hyaluronic binding domain"
XX		
XX		
PN	MO9738098-A1.	
PD	16-OCT-1997.	
XX		

PF 10-APR-1997; 97WO-CA00240.
 XX
 XX 10-APR-1996; 96GB-0007441.
 XX (MANI-) MANITOBA CANCER TREATMENT & RES FOUND.
 PA (UTMA-) UNIV MANITOBA.
 XX
 PI Entwistle J, Turley EA;
 XX
 DR WPI: 1997-512715/47.
 DR N-PSDB; AAV02800.
 XX
 PT Isolated human receptor for hyaluronic acid mediated motility - used
 PT to develop products for treating e.g. tumours, inflammatory
 XX disorders, dementia, AIDS, diabetes and auto-immune diseases
 XX
 PS Claim 16; Page 46; 66pp; English.
 XX
 CC This sequence represents the human hyaluronan receptor which is also
 CC known as the receptor for hyaluronic acid mediated motility (RHAMM).
 CC Hyaluronan is a large glycosaminoglycan that is ubiquitous in the
 CC extracellular matrix and whose synthesis has been linked to cell
 CC migration, growth and transformation. It interacts with cell surfaces via
 CC specific protein receptors, e.g. RHAMM, that mediate many biological
 CC effects. The RHAMM/hyaluronic acid interaction is involved in
 CC oncogene and growth factor-mediated cell locomotion. The products can be
 CC used in the treatment of disorders involving cell locomotion, e.g. tumour
 CC invasion, birth defects, acute and chronic inflammatory disorders,
 CC Alzheimer's and other forms of dementia, including Parkinson's and
 CC Huntington's diseases, AIDS, diabetes, autoimmune diseases, corneal
 CC dysplasia and hypertrophies, burns, surgical incisions and adhesions,
 CC strokes and multiple sclerosis. They can also be used in e.g. CNS and
 CC spinal cord regeneration, contraception and in vitro fertilisation and
 CC embryo development. The products can also be used in detection, diagnosis
 CC and prognosis.
 CC
 XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 725 AA;

Query Match 99.8%; Score 1193; DB 18; Length 725;
 Best Local Similarity 99.6%; Pred. No. 3.8e-78;
 Matches 241; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 OEKYSMWSLEEDYTAQFESYKALTAASEIEDLKLENSLSOEKAAKNAEDVOHQIILAT 60
 DB 443 OEKYSMWSLEEDYTAQFESYKALTAASEIEDLKLENSLSOEKAAKNAEDVOHQIILAT 502
 QY 61 ESSNOEYVRLDLQTKSALKETEIKETIVSFLOKTTDQONOLKQOEDFRKOLEDEGR 120
 DB 503 ESSNOEYVRLDLQTKSALKETEIKETIVSFLOKTTDQONOLKQOEDFRKOLEDEGR 562
 QY 121 KAEKENTTAELTEELINKRRLYEELYNKTRPQIOLDAFEVKKQALLNENGAOQOLNKI 180
 DB 563 KAEKENTTAELTEELINKRRLYEELYNKTRPQIOLDAFEVKKQALLNENGAOQOLNKI 622
 QY 181 RDSYAKLLGHONLKQIKHVVYKLENSOLKSEVSKLQALAKKQSETKLOEELNKVYL 240
 DB 623 RDSYAKLLGHONLKQIKHVVYKLENSOLKSEVSKLQALAKKQSETKLOEELNKVYL 682
 QY 241 IK 242
 DB 683 IK 684

RESULT 2
 ABG60842
 ID ABG60842 standard; Protein; 725 AA;
 XX
 XX ABG60842;
 AC
 AC
 DT 13-AUG-2002 (first entry)
 DT
 XX
 DE Human receptor for hyaluronan-mediated motility (RHAMM).
 XX

KW Tissue disorder; response-to-injury process; cell proliferating;
 KW hyaluronic acid; HA; receptor for hyaluronan mediated motility;
 KW RHAMM; inflammatory neurological disorder; Parkinson's disease;
 KW Alzheimer's disease; arthritis; multiple sclerosis; gastritis; nephritis;
 KW inflammatory dermatosis; psoriasis; inflammatory bowel disease;
 KW stenosis; restenosis; cancer; kidney fibrosis; inflammatory lung disease;
 KW emphysema; asthma; cystic fibrosis; obesity; obesity related disease;
 KW lupus; cardiovascular disease; atherosclerosis; wound; scar; diabetes;
 KW tissue transplantation; stroke; inflammatory response; fibrotic response;
 KW medical implant; Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; AIDS; hepatitis;
 KW myocardial fibrosis; hepatic fibrosis; chronic cystitis; acute mastitis;
 KW septic shock; thyroiditis; retinopathy.
 KW
 XX Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX WO200228415-A1.
 XX
 XX 11-APR-2002.
 XX
 XX 05-OCT-2000; 2000WO-IB01534.
 XX
 XX 05-OCT-2000; 2000WO-IB01534.
 XX
 XX (IRAN-) TRANSITION THERAPEUTICS & DIAGNOSTICS IN.
 XX
 XX Turley EA, Cruz TF;
 XX
 XX WPI: 2002-435298/46.
 XX
 XX
 XX Example 30; Fig 50; 215pp; English.
 XX
 XX
 XX The invention describes a method of treating a tissue disorder associated
 XX with response-to-injury process or proliferating cells in a patient,
 XX comprising administering a polypeptide (I) which binds hyaluronic acid
 XX (HA), an antibody which binds one of domains D1-D5 of Receptor for
 XX hyaluronan-mediated motility (RHAMM), a polypeptide fragment encoding
 XX any of D1-D5 of RHAMM, or a vector which expresses antisense RHAMM,
 XX antibodies or a polypeptide fragment. The method is useful for treating a
 XX patient with an inflammatory neurological disorder such as Parkinson's
 XX disease, Alzheimer's disease, arthritis including rheumatoid arthritis,
 XX osteoarthritis, multiple sclerosis, inflammatory dermatosis (psoriasis),
 XX inflammatory bowel disease, stenosis or restenosis, cancer, kidney
 XX fibrosis, inflammatory lung disease (e.g. emphysema, asthma, cystic
 XX fibrosis), obesity or obesity related diseases, lupus, cardiovascular
 XX disease (e.g. atherosclerosis), and wound especially surgical excision
 XX adhesions, to prevent scar and also for treating or preventing diabetes
 XX mellitus. The method is also useful for treating tissue transplantation
 XX (e.g. skin grafts), stroke, inflammatory responses or fibrotic response
 XX associated with medical implants such as hip implants, vascular wraps and
 XX catheters), inflammatory diseases such as AIDS, myocardial and hepatic
 XX fibrosis, chronic cystitis, acute mastitis, gastritis, nephritis,
 XX hepatitis, septic shock, thyroiditis, and retinopathy. This sequence
 XX represents a receptor for hyaluronan-mediated motility protein used in
 XX the method of treating a tissue disorder described in the invention.
 XX
 XX
 XX Sequence 725 AA;

Query Match 99.8%; Score 1193; DB 23; Length 725;
 Best Local Similarity 99.6%; Pred. No. 3.8e-78;
 Matches 241; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 OEKYSMWSLEEDYTAQFESYKALTAASEIEDLKLENSLSOEKAAKNAEDVOHQIILAT 60
 DB 443 OEKYSMWSLEEDYTAQFESYKALTAASEIEDLKLENSLSOEKAAKNAEDVOHQIILAT 502
 QY 61 ESSNOEYVRLDLQTKSALKETEIKETIVSFLOKTTDQONOLKQOEDFRKOLEDEGR 120
 DB 503 ESSNOEYVRLDLQTKSALKETEIKETIVSFLOKTTDQONOLKQOEDFRKOLEDEGR 562

121 KAEKNTTAEETEEINKRRLYEELYNKTKPPQIOLDAFEVEKQALLNEHGAOQOLNKI 180
180 KAEKNTTAEETEEINKRRLYEELYNKTKPPQIOLDAFEVEKQALLNEHGAOQOLNKI 180
563 KAEKNTTAEETEEINKRRLYEELYNKTKPPQIOLDAFEVEKQALLNEHGAOQOLNKI 622
181 RDSYAKLLGHOMLKOKIRHVYKLDENSOLKSEVSKIRQOLAKKROSEETKLOEELNKYLG 240
623 RDSYAKLLGHOMLKOKIRHVYKLDENSOLKSEVSKIRQOLAKKROSEETKLOEELNKYLG 682
241 IK 242
683 IK 684
RESULT 3
AAU11436
ID AAU11436 standard; Protein; 725 AA.
AC AAU11436;
DT 12-MAR-2002 (first entry)
DE Human hyaluronic acid binding protein RHAMM.
KM Human; hyaluronic acid binding protein; RHAMM; gene therapy;
KW receptor for HA mediated mobility; immunosuppressive; cytostatic.
KM conjugate; rheumatoid arthritis; scleroderma; liver fibrosis; cancer;
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Misc-difference 278 /note= "Encoded by GAA"
FT Misc-difference 299 /note= "Encoded by AAA"
FT Misc-difference 323 /note= "Encoded by AAA"
FT Misc-difference 331 /note= "Encoded by AAA"
FT Misc-difference 331 /note= "Encoded by CAG"
PN WO200180899-A2.
XX
PD 01-NOV-2001.
XX
PF 20-APR-2001; 2001WO-CA00533.
XX
PR 20-APR-2000; 2000US-198613P.
XX
PA (CANG-) CANGENE CORP.
XX
PI Wołoski BMR, Williams AM, Sereda TJ, Wiebe DJ;
XX
DR WPI: 2002-075094/10.
XX
DR N-PSDB: AAS17496.
XX
PT Protein conjugates that selectively target certain tissues and organs
PT useful for treating and preventing various diseases, comprises
PT glucose-aminoglycan-targeting domain conjugated to a therapeutic
PT protein
XX
PS Claim 6; Page 115; 121pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a conjugate comprising an hyaluronic acid (HA)
CC -binding protein e.g. RHAMM (receptor of HA mediated mobility) or peptide
CC contiguous with, or coupled to a polypeptide conjugated to a therapeutic
CC agent, and the polynucleotides encoding them. Also included is a method
CC for preparation of the HA-binding protein by inserting a first nucleotide
CC sequence encoding a HA-binding protein directly linked to a second
CC nucleotide sequence encoding a therapeutic protein into a suitable
CC vector, expressing the vector in an acceptable host, purifying conjugate
CC molecule from host or expression medium. The composition is useful for
CC altering in vivo the distribution of a therapeutic agent comprising
CC administering the composition to the animal where conjugate molecule will

CC distribute primarily in tissues and organs containing high levels of
CC endogenous HA and for treating mammal with a disorder where a diseased
CC tissue of the mammal contains high level of HA e.g. rheumatoid
CC arthritis, scleroderma, liver fibrosis and cancer. Lower therapeutic
CC dosages required also translates into lower immunogenicity of the
CC conjugated protein as compared to the native protein. As a result,
CC conjugates improve patient compliance and reduce direct and indirect
CC costs associated with the drug substance and its administration.
CC Conjugates allows for the use, where appropriate, of lower, safer,
CC dosages as compared to the conventional dosage requirements for the
CC unconjugated corresponding therapeutic agent. Conjugate molecules have an
CC increased half-life and potency, resulting in prolonged circulation of
CC the molecule, efficient distribution into the target tissues, and
CC increased bioavailability. The present sequence represents a RHAMM
CC protein.
XX
SQ Sequence 725 AA.
Query Match 99.8%; Score 1193; DB 23; Length 725;
Best Local Similarity 99.6%; Pred. No. 3.8e-78;
Matches 241; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 QEKYSWVOSLEDVTAOFESTYKALTAASEIEDKLENSSIQEAARAKNAEDVQHIIAT 60
DB 443 QEKYSWVOSLEDVTAOFESTYKALTAASEIEDKLENSSIQEAARAKNAEDVQHIIAT 502
QY 61 ESSNOEYVMLDLOTKSALKEFEIKETVSPLOKITDQNLKOEDDFRQOLDEBGR 120
DB 503 ESSNOEYVRLMDLOTKSALKEFEIKETVSPLOKITDQNLKOEDDFRQOLDEBGR 562
QY 121 KAEKNTTAEETEEINKRRLYEELYNKTKPPQIOLDAFEVEKQALLNEHGAOQOLNKI 180
DB 563 KAEKNTTAEETEEINKRRLYEELYNKTKPPQIOLDAFEVEKQALLNEHGAOQOLNKI 622
QY 181 RDSYAKLLGHOMLKOKIRHVYKLDENSOLKSEVSKIRQOLAKKROSEETKLOEELNKYLG 240
DB 623 RDSYAKLLGHOMLKOKIRHVYKLDENSOLKSEVSKIRQOLAKKROSEETKLOEELNKYLG 682
QY 241 IK 242
DB 683 IK 684
RESULT 4
AAW01052
ID AAW01052 standard; Protein; 351 AA.
XX
AC AAW01052;
XX
DT 31-JAN-1997 (first entry)
XX
DE Human umbilical vein epithelium-derived hyaluronan receptor.
XX
XX Umbilical; diagnosis; detection; hyaluronan receptor; antibody;
KW cancer; inflammation; angiogenesis; invasive; leukaemia; lymphoma;
KW proliferation; vascularisation.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO9628549-A2.
XX
PD 19-SEP-1996.
XX
PF 08-MAR-1996; 96WO-US03193.
XX
PR 10-MAR-1995; 95US-0402217.
XX
PA (INCY-) INCYTE PHARM INC.
XX
PI Hawkins PR, Selthamer TJ, Wilde CG;
XX
DR WPI: 1996-442863/44.
DR N-PSDB: AAT38304.

XX DNA encoding human hyaluronan receptor - useful to detect
 PT up-regulation of the receptor gene indicative of activated,
 PT angiogenic, inflamed or metastatic cells or tissues
 PS
 XX
 PS Claim 1; Page 24-25; 32pp; English.

CC AAM01052 represents the amino acid sequence of a human hyaluronan
 CC receptor (HR) derived from umbilical vein endothelial cells.
 CC Hyaluronan and its receptors are involved in a number of different
 CC functions such as homeostasis, mitosis, cell migration and
 CC differentiation including angiogenesis. DNA encoding HR and
 CC antibodies against it can be used in diagnostic tests to detect
 CC up-regulation of the HR gene, which is indicative of activated,
 CC angiogenic, inflamed or metastatic cells and/or tissues. The HR cDNA
 CC and antibodies may also be used to diagnose conditions such as
 CC invasive leukaemia or lymphoma.
 XX
 XX

Sequence 351 AA.

Query Match 92.5%; Score 1105; DB 17; Length 351;
 Best Local Similarity 98.7%; Pred No. 3.7e-72;
 Matches 222; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 OEKYSWQSLQEDVTAQFESTKALFASIEDLKLENSLSLOKAKAGNADVOHLLAT 60
 DB 125 EKKYDSWQSLQEDVTAQFESTKALFASIEDLKLENSLSLOKAKAGNADVOHLLAT 184
 OY 61 ESSNOEYRMLDLQTSKALKETIKETTVSFLOKIDTDLONOLQOEDEFRKOLEDEGR 120
 DB 185 ESSNOEYRMLDLQTSKALKETIKETTVSFLOKIDTDLONOLQOEDEFRKOLEDEGR 244
 OY 121 KAEKENTTAELTEEBINKRRLYLEELYNKTRPFOIOLDAFVEKQALLNENGAOEOJLNT 180
 DB 245 KAEKENTTAELTEEBINKRRLYLEELYNKTRPFOIOLDAFVEKQALLNENGAOEOJLNT 304
 OY 181 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHYVKKLKDENSQKSEVSKIRCOLARKK 225
 DB 305 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHYVKKLKDENSQKSEVSKIRCOLARKK 349

RESULT 5

AAR93166
 ID AAW39166 standard; Protein; 630 AA.

XX AAW39166;

XX 27-APR-1998 (first entry)

DE Mouse RHAMM protein.

XX Hyaluronan receptor; receptor for hyalurononic acid mediated motility;
 KW RHAMM; glycosaminoglycan; binding domain; mouse; oncogene; treatment;
 KW growth factor; cell locomotion disorder; dementia; detection;
 XX inflammatory disorder; autoimmune disease; diagnosis; prognosis.
 OS Mus sp.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Region 279..382

FT Binding-site /note="repeat region"

FT Binding-site /note="Hyaluronic acid binding domain"

FT Binding-site /note="Hyaluronic acid binding domain"

XX MO9738098-A1.

XX 16-OCT-1997.

XX 10-APR-1997; 97MO-CA00240.

XX 10-APR-1996; 96GB-0007441.

XX (MANI-) MANITOBA CANCER TREATMENT & RES FOUND.
 PA (UTMA-) UNIT MANITOBA.
 XX
 XX Entwistle J, Turley EA;
 XX
 XX WPI: 1997-512715/47.
 DR N-PSDB; AAW02801.
 XX

PT Isolated human receptor for hyalurononic acid mediated motility - used
 PT to develop products for treating e.g. tumours, inflammatory
 PT disorders, dementia, AIDS, diabetes and auto-immune diseases
 PS
 XX
 XX Disclosure: Page 46; 66pp; English.

CC This sequence represents the mouse hyaluronan receptor which is also
 CC known as the receptor for hyalurononic acid mediated motility (RHAMM).
 CC Hyaluronan is a large glycosaminoglycan that is ubiquitous in the
 CC extracellular matrix and whose synthesis has been linked to cell
 CC migration, growth and transformation. It interacts with cell surfaces via
 CC specific protein receptors, e.g. RHAMM, that mediate many biological
 CC effects. The RHAMM/Hyaluronic acid interaction is involved in
 CC oncogene- and growth factor-mediated cell locomotion. The products can be
 CC used in the treatment of disorders involving cell locomotion, e.g. tumour
 CC invasion, birth defects, acute and chronic inflammatory disorders,
 CC Alzheimer's and other forms of dementia, including Parkinson's and
 CC Huntington's diseases, AIDS, diabetes, autoimmune diseases, corneal
 CC dysplasia and hypertrophies, burns, surgical incisions and adhesions,
 CC strokes and multiple sclerosis. They can also be used in e.g. CNS and
 CC spinal cord regeneration, contraception and in vitro fertilisation and
 CC and prognosis.
 XX
 XX

Sequence 630 AA.

Query Match 76.7%; Score 917; DB 18; Length 630;
 Best Local Similarity 76.4%; Pred No. 2.9e-58;
 Matches 185; Conservative 19; Mismatches 38; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 OEKYSWQSLQEDVTAQFESTKALFASIEDLKLENSLSLOKAKAGNADVOHLLAT 60
 DB 362 OEKYSWQSLQEDVTAQFESTKALFASIEDLKLENSLSLOKAKAGNADVOHLLAT 421
 OY 61 ESSNOEYRMLDLQTSKALKETIKETTVSFLOKIDTDLONOLQOEDEFRKOLEDEGR 120
 DB 422 ESTNOEYRMLDLQTSKALKETIKETTVSFLOKIDTDLONOLQOEDEFRKOLEDEGR 481
 OY 121 KAEKENTTAELTEEBINKRRLYLEELYNKTRPFOIOLDAFVEKQALLNENGAOEOJLNT 180
 DB 482 KAEKENTTAELTEEBINKRRLYLEELYNKTRPFOIOLDAFVEKQALLNENGAOEOJLNT 541
 OY 181 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHYVKKLKDENSQKSEVSKIRCOLARKK 240
 DB 542 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHYVKKLKDENSQKSEVSKIRCOLARKK 601
 OY 241 IK 242
 DB 602 IK 603

RESULT 6

AAR9673
 ID AAR9673 standard; Protein; 606 AA.

XX AAR9673;

XX 10-OCT-1996 (first entry)

XX Receptor for hyalurononic acid mediated motility RHAMM 1.

XX RHAMM 1; receptor for hyalurononic acid mediated motility;
 KW hyaluronan receptor; cell locomotion; cell proliferation;
 KW breast cancer; therapy.

XX	OS	Mus sp.	
XX	XX	Location/Qualifiers	
XX	XX	Key	91..93
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	258..260
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	279..281
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	300..302
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	321..323
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	342..344
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	373..375
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Modified-site	413..415
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	Domain	532..542
XX	XX	Domain	/label- Hyaluronan_binding_domain-I
XX	XX	Domain	553..562
XX	XX	Domain	/label- Hyaluronan_binding_domain-I
XX	XX	Modified-site	594..596
XX	XX	Modified-site	/label- N-glycosylation_site
XX	XX	EP721012-h2.	
XX	XX	10-JUL-1996.	
XX	XX	16-OCT-1995;	95EP-0307310.
XX	XX	14-OCT-1994;	94GB-0020740.
XX	XX	(MANI-) MANITOBA CANCER TREATMENT & RES FOUND.	
XX	XX	(UYMA-) UNIV MANITOBA.	
XX	XX	Entwistle J, Turley EA, Zhang S;	
XX	XX	WPI; 1996-310997/32.	
XX	XX	N-PSDB; AAT34499;	
XX	XX	N-PSDB; AAT34500;	
XX	XX	N-PSDB; AAT23423;	
XX	XX	N-PSDB; AAT34524.	
XX	XX	Receptor for hyaluronic acid-mediated motility protein, and DNA	
XX	XX	encoding it - useful to treat or prevent diseases associated with	
XX	XX	the receptor, e.g. breast cancer	
XX	XX	Claim 2; Page 40-42; 117pp; English.	
XX	XX	RHAMM 1 (AAR99672), or Receptor for Hyaluronic Acid Mediated Motility,	
XX	XX	is a hyaluronan receptor protein which is involved in cell locomotion	
XX	XX	or motility and cell proliferation and transformation. Its amino	
XX	XX	acid sequence was deduced from a cDNA clone (AAT34499) obt'd. from	
XX	XX	murine 3T3 cells and a genomic sequence (AAT34500) from a mouse	
XX	XX	fibroblast genomic library. 2 Alternative mRNAs for RHAMM 1 were	
XX	XX	found, RHAMM 1A (see also AAT34523) and RHAMM 1B (AAT34524), that had	
XX	XX	identical translated portions. Increased expression of RHAMM 1	
XX	XX	protein is indicative of a poor prognosis for breast cancer. The	
XX	XX	protein can be used to suppress or control a tumour by modulating	
XX	XX	the interaction of cell-associated RHAMM with its ligand.	
XX	XX	Sequence .606 AA;	
XX	XX	Query Match 76.5%; Score 914; DB 17; Length 606;	
XX	XX	Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 4.5e-58;	
XX	XX	Matches 184; Conservative 20; Mismatches 38; Indels 0; Gaps 0	

OY	61	ESSNVEYRMILLDTQTSALKEETKEITVSFLOKTTDQNLQOOEFPKQLEDEGR	120
Db	398	ESTNOEYARMVODLNRSTLKSEETKEITVSSEFLKTTDLNLRQODEDFPKQLEGR	457
OY	121	KAKEENTTAELEEINKWRLLYEELYNKTKPFOIQDAFEVEKQALLNHGAOELNKI	180
Db	458	TAERKNVMTLELTMELNKKMRLLYDELETKKPPQOQDANEAEGQALLNHGAQOBDLKI	517
OY	181	RDSYAKLLGHQNLKOKIKHVYKLKDENSQKSEVSKRLCQALAKKQSETRKLOELNKVYG	240
Db	518	RDSYAKLLGHQNLKOKIKHVYKLKDENSQKSEVSKRLCQALAKKQSETRKLOELNKVYG	577
OY	241	IK 242	
Db	578	IR 579	
RESULT 7			
ID	AAR99675	standard; Protein; 631 AA.	
AC	AAR99675;		
DT	10-OCT-1996	(first entry)	
DE	RHAMM 1-2a isoform.		
KW	RHAMM 1-2a; receptor for hyaluronic acid mediated motility;		
KW	hyaluronan receptor; cell locomotion; cell proliferation;		
KW	breast cancer; therapy.		
OS	Mus sp.		
XX			
FH	Key	Location/Qualifiers	
FT	Region	55..79	
FT		/note="exon 2a-encoded region"	
PN	EP721012-A2.		
XX	10-JUL-1996.		
PD			
PF	16-OCT-1995;	95EP-0307310.	
XX			
PR	14-OCT-1994;	94GB-0020740.	
XX			
PA	(MANI-) MANITOBA CANCER TREATMENT & RES FOUND.		
PA	(UYMA-) UNIV MANITOBA.		
XX			
PI	Entwistle J, Turley EA, Zhang S;		
XX			
DR	WPI: 1996-310997/32.		
XX	N-PSDB: AAT34525.		
PT	Receptor for hyaluronic acid-mediated motility protein, and DNA		
PT	encoding it - useful to treat or prevent diseases associated with		
PT	the receptor, e.g. breast cancer		
XX			
PS	Claim 8; Page 50-52; 117pp; English.		
XX			
CC	RHAMM 1-2a (AAR99675) is an alternatively spliced variant of		
CC	RHAMM 1 (AAR99673) (receptor for hyaluronic acid mediated		
CC	motility), a protein involved in cell locomotion or motility and		
CC	cell proliferation and transformation. It differs from RHAMM 1		
CC	by an insertion of 25 amino acids (see also AAR99674) between		
CC	amino acids 54 and 55 of RHAMM 1, resulting from an alternatively		
CC	spliced exon 2A (AAT34502). RHAMM 1-2a is the isoform that is		
CC	overexpressed in tumours. Determination of the level of RHAMM		
CC	1-2a in a sample can be used to assess the prognosis of a tumour		
CC	(esp. breast cancer) patient. The RHAMM 1-2a protein can also		
CC	be used to suppress or control a tumour by modulating the		
CC	interaction of cell-associated RHAMM with its ligand.		
XX			

Disclosure; Fig 50; 215pp; English.

Misc-difference 71 /note= "Encoded by AGC"

Misc-difference 71 /note= "Encoded by AGC"

CC increased bioavailability. The present sequence represents a RHAM
 CC protein.
 XX
 SO Sequence 713 AA:
 Query Match 74.7% Score 893; DB 23; Length 713;
 Best Local Similarity 74.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e-56;
 Matches 179; Conservative 21; Mismatches 42; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 QEKDSMVOSLEPNTAFESKALTASEIEDLKLENSLOEKAKAGKNAEDVOHLLAT 60
 DB 442 QEKSDTAQTLRDVTAQLESKSTLEIEDLKLENTTLOEKVMAKREEDVOOQILTA 501
 QY 61 ESSNOEYVRMLDLQTSALKETEIKETVSPLOKITDLONLKQOEEDFRKQLEDEGR 120
 DB 502 ESTNOEYAKVYQDLONSSTLKEAIKEITSSYLEKIIDLONLQROQNEDEFRKQLEEGAK 561
 QY 121 KAEKENTTAELTEINIKRWLLYEELYNKTRPQIOUDAFVEKQALLNHGAQOEOLNKI 180
 DB 562 MTEKETAVTELTMEINIKRWLLYEELFPKTRPQOUDAFPAEKQALLNHGAQOEOLSKI 621
 QY 181 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDKENSOLKSEVSKLRQALKKROSETRLOEELNKVLG 240
 DB 622 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDKENSOLKSEVSKLRQALKKROSETRLOEELNKVLG 681
 QY 241 IK 242
 DB 682 IR 683
 RESULT 11
 ID AAR43563 standard; Protein; 476 AA;
 XX AAR43563;
 AC
 DE 05-APR-1994 (first entry)
 XX Hyaluronan receptor.
 XX Hyaluronan binding protein; HA; RHAMM; mediated motility; wound;
 KW healing; diagnosis; treatment; cell locomotion; tumour invasion;
 KW birth defects; inflammatory disorder; Alzheimer's disease; dementia;
 KW Parkinson's disease; Huntington's disease; AIDS; diabetes; auto;
 KW immune diseases; corneal dysplasia; hypertrophy; surgery; burns;
 KW strokes; multiple sclerosis; depression; schizophrenia; CNS;
 KW contraception; in vitro fertilisation; embryo development.
 PN W09321312-A;
 XX
 XX 28-OCT-1993.
 XX
 XX 13-APR-1993; 93WO-CA00158.
 XX
 XX 09-APR-1992; 92GB-0007949.
 PA (MANI-) MANITOBA CANCER TREATMENT & RES FOUND.
 PA (UYMA-) UNIV MANITOBA.
 XX
 PT Turlley EA;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1993-351722/44.
 DR N-PSDB; AA051212.
 XX
 PT DNA encoding hyaluronan receptor - used to produce proteins and
 PT antibodies for alteration of cell locomotion
 XX
 PS Claim 7; Fig 23; 88pp; English.
 XX
 CC The sequence is that encoded by a cDNA clone encoding the hyaluronan
 CC receptor (HARC). The sequence was obtd. by screening a 3T3 library in
 CC lambda g11 with antibodies to HARC. A clone of 1.9 kb was obtained
 CC and used to rescreen the library to obtain the full length. 2.9 kb

CC clone. HA is down regulated in stationary normal cells and is only
 CC expressed in situations where cell motility is desired. e.g. in
 CC wound healing, in response to growth factors and in chemotaxis by
 CC white blood cells. HA may be used for diagnosis and treatment of
 CC diseases involving cell locomotion, e.g. tumour invasion, birth
 CC defects, acute and chronic inflammatory disorders, Alzheimer's and
 CC other forms of dementia, AIDS, diabetes, autoimmune diseases, corneal
 CC dysplasias and hypertrophies, burns, surgical incisions and adhesions,
 CC strokes, multiple sclerosis, depression/schizophrenia related to
 CC neuronal growth and pain states involving nerve sprouting; also in CNS
 CC and spinal cord regeneration, contraception, in vitro fertilisation and
 CC embryo development.
 CC See also AAR46548-51.
 SO Sequence 476 AA:
 Query Match 74.6% Score 891.5; DB 14; Length 476;
 Best Local Similarity 75.2%; Pred. No. 1.4e-56;
 Matches 182; Conservative 20; Mismatches 39; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 1 QEKYDSMVOSLEPNTAFESKALTASEIEDLKLENSLOEKAKAGKNAEDVOHLLAT 60
 DB 209 QEKYNTAQSRLVSAQLESYKSTLKEIEDLKLENTTLOEKVMAKREEDVOOQILTA 268
 QY 61 ESSNOEYVRMLDLQTSALKETEIKETVSPLOKITDLONLKQOEEDFRKQLEDEGR 120
 DB 269 ESTNOEYARWVQDLONRSTLKEBEIKETSSFLKIIDLONLQROQNEDEFRKQLEEGKR 328
 QY 121 KAEKENTTAELTEINIKRWLLYEELYNKTRPQIOUDAFVEKQALLNHGAQOEOLNKI 180
 DB 329 TAERENVMETLMEINIKRWLLYEELYNKTRPQIOUDAFPAEKQALLNHGAQOEOLNKI 387
 QY 181 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDKENSOLKSEVSKLRQALKKROSETRLOEELNKVLG 240
 DB 388 RDSYAKLLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDKENSOLKSEVSKLRQALKKROSETRLOEELNKVLG 447
 QY 241 IK 242
 DB 448 IR 449
 RESULT 12
 ID AAB91998 standard; Peptide; 42 AA.
 XX AAB91998;
 AC
 DE 22-JUN-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Fibronectin fragment and fibrin related peptide SEQ ID NO:1174.
 XX
 KW Protection; endogenous therapeutic peptide; peptidase; conjugation;
 KW blood component; modification; succinimidyl; maleimido group; amino;
 KW hydroxyl; thiol; hormone; growth factor; neurotransmitter.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 PN W0200069900-A2.
 XX
 XX 23-NOV-2000.
 XX
 XX 17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US13576.
 XX
 XX 17-MAY-1999; 99US-0134406.
 XX 10-SEP-1999; 99US-0153406.
 XX 15-OCT-1999; 99US-0159783.
 PA (CONJ-) CONJUTCHEM INC.
 XX
 XX Bridon DP, Ezrin AM, Milner PG, Holmes DL, Thibaudau K;
 XX WPI; 2001-112059/12.

XX Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents
 PT peptidase degradation, useful for increasing length of in vivo activity
 PT
 XX
 PS Disclosure: Page 578; 733pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes a modified therapeutic peptide (I)
 CC comprising a therapeutically active amino acid region (III) and a
 CC reactive group (II) (e.g. succinimide) and maleimido groups) attached to
 CC a less therapeutically active amino acid region (IV), which covalently
 CC bonds with amino/hydroxyl/thiol groups on blood components to form a
 CC peptide stabilised therapeutic peptide composed of 3-50 amino acids.
 CC (I) are useful for modifying therapeutic peptides e.g. hormones, growth
 CC factors and neurotransmitters, to protect them from peptidase activity
 CC in vivo for the treatment of various disorders. Endogenous therapeutic
 CC peptides are not suitable as drug candidates as they require frequent
 CC administration due to rapid degradation by peptidases in the body.
 CC Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents or
 CC reduces the action of peptidases to increase length of activity (half
 CC life) and specificity as bonding to large molecules decreases.
 CC Intracellular uptake and interference with physiological processes.
 CC AAB90829 to AAB92441 represent peptides which can be used in the
 CC exemplification of the present invention.
 CC
 XX
 SQ Sequence 42 AA:

Query Match 17.6%; Score 210; DB 22; Length 42;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
 Matches 42; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 184 YAKLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDENSOAKSEVSKLCKOLAKKK 225
 DB 1 YAKLGHONLKOKIKHVYKLDENSOAKSEVSKLCKOLAKKK 42

RESULT 13

AAB95451
 ID AAB95451 standard; Protein; 436 AA.

XX AAB95451;

DT 26-JUN-2001 (first entry)

XX Human protein sequence SEQ ID NO:17910.

DE Human; primer: detection; diagnosis; antisense therapy; gene therapy.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX EPI074617-A2.

XX 07-FEB-2001.

XX 28-JUL-2000; 2000EP-0116126.

XX 29-JUL-1999; 99JP-0248036.

XX 27-AUG-1999; 99JP-0300253.

XX 11-JAN-2000; 2000JP-0118776.

XX 02-MAY-2000; 2000JP-0183767.

XX 09-JUN-2000; 2000JP-0241899.

XX (HELI-) HELIX-RES INST.

XX Ota T, Isogai T, Nishikawa T, Hayashi K, Saito K, Yamamoto J;

XX Ishii S, Sugiyama T, Wakamatsu A, Nagai K, Otsuki T;

XX WPI; 2001-318749/34.

PT Primer sets for synthesizing polynucleotides, particularly the 5602
 PT and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by the
 PT full-length cDNAs -

XX Claim 8: SEQ ID 17910; 2537pp + CD ROM; English.

XX The present invention describes primer sets for synthesising 5602
 CC full-length cDNAs defined in the specification. Where a primer set
 CC comprises: (a) an oligo-dT primer and an oligonucleotide complementary
 CC to the complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises one of
 CC the 5602 nucleotide sequences defined in the specification, where the
 CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides; or (b) a combination
 CC of an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to the
 CC complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises a 5'-end
 CC sequence and an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to a
 CC polynucleotide which comprises a 3'-end sequence, where the
 CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides and the combination of
 CC the 5'-end sequence/3'-end sequence is selected from those defined in
 CC the specification. The primer sets can be used in antisense therapy and
 CC in gene therapy. The primers are useful for synthesising polynucleotides,
 CC particularly full-length cDNAs. The primers are also useful for the
 CC detection and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by
 CC the full-length cDNAs. The primers allow obtaining of the full-length
 CC cDNAs easily without any specialised methods. AAH03166 to AAH13628 and
 CC AAH13633 to AAH18742 represent human cDNA sequences; AAB92446 to
 CC AAB95893 represent human amino acid sequences; and AAH13629 to AAH13632
 CC represent oligonucleotides, all of which are used in the exemplification
 CC of the present invention.
 CC
 XX
 SQ Sequence 436 AA:

Query Match 17.5%; Score 209; DB 22; Length 436;
 Best Local Similarity 24.8%; Pred. No. 2.8e-07;
 Matches 68; Conservative 57; Mismatches 101; Indels 48; Gaps 7;

OY 1 OKYDSMVQSLSDV-----TAQFESYKA---LTASIEDLKLENSLSQERA 43
 DB 166 KNEYNFKROLEHVMSAEDPQSPKTPHPQTHLAKLLEQGEIEBGRASKTSLEHLY 225

OY 44 AKAGNAEDVOHQIILATSSNOEYVRLDLD---TKSALKEITEKITEVSFLQKITDLO 100
 DB 226 TKLNEDEKVKAEILRMKEQLEEMENLRLESQOLEKMWLLQGLDDIK---ROKENSQ 282

OY 101 N-----OLKOEEDPRKO-----LEDEGRKAKKEVNTAETLKEINKW 138
 DB 283 NHPDNOALKNEDEESIKERLAKSKIVEMLKAKKADLEEVQSLVYKKECMLMTDEVERT 342

OY 139 RLVEELYNKTKPFIQIDAEFEVERKQALINENGAQOELNKIRDSYAKLGHONLKOKIK 198
 DB 343 QTLSEKAFQEKQOLSKLEEMYEERERSQEMEMLRKYVECAENGLVGHONLHOKIQ 402

OY 199 HVYKLDENSOAKSEVSKLRQO---LARKKQSET 229
 DB 403 YVVRLLKENVRLAEETEKLRRAENVFLKEKKRSSES 436

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The invention discloses an isolated nucleic acid encoding a human kinesin motor protein, Hskt15, which has microtubule stimulated ATPase activity, and two truncated versions, Hskt15MA367 and Hskt15MP401, retaining the amino terminus. Hskt15, a member of the kinesin superfamily, has been found to be essential for mitotic spindle formation. The predicted structure comprises an amino-terminal kinesin-like microtubule "motor" domain. The polynucleotides and polypeptides may be used therapeutically to diagnose and prevent or treat cancer, neurological disorders and disorders of vesicular transport. Examples of the conditions that can be treated include atherosclerosis, tumours, abnormal wound healing, inflammatory and immune disorders (such as rheumatoid arthritis), ocular angiogenic disease (such as glaucoma), cardiovascular disease (such as hypertension), diastolic dysfunction and fungal disease (such as aspergillosis). The polynucleotides and polypeptides may also be used to screen for modulators of Hskt15 and raise antibodies. The sequence presented is the human kinesin motor protein, Hskt15.

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QY 10KRYDSMOSLEEDV-----TAQESKA-----LTASEIDKLLENMSIQEKA 43
Db 1116 KNEYNFNMKROLEHVWDMSADBPQSKTPPHQTHAKLLETQEOEIDEDGASKTSLEHIV 117
QY 44 AKAGNAEDVOHQIILATESSSNOEYVRMLDIO---TKSALKETEIKETIVSFLOKITDIO 100
Db 1178 TKLINEDREKNAEILRMKEQOLREMENTRLESOQIIEKNWILQOGLDIOK---RQKNSQO 123
QY 101 N-----OLKOOEEDPRKO-----LEDEGRKAKEKENTTAELTEENIKRW 138
Db 1235 NHPNQOJKNEQDEESIKERLAKSITVEMLKMKADIDEEVOSALYNNECEMLRMTDEVERT 129
QY 139 RLIVYEELVNTKTRPOIQIDAFEYKQALNENHGAOFOLKRTIDSVAKILIGHONIKOKIK 198
Db 1295 QLESKAPQKEKQOLRSMLEMYEERERTSQEMELTKRQVYCLAEENGKLVGHONLQOKIO 135
QY 199 HVVYKIKDQNSLQKSEVSKLRQ---LAKKQOSET 229
Db 1355 YVVRKREKNVRLAETEKRLAEVNVFLKEKRRSSES 1388

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